

RECOMENDACIÓN T.9

INFORME DE BÚSQUEDA Y SÍNTESIS DE EVIDENCIA DE EFECTOS DESEABLES E INDESEABLES Guía de Práctica Clínica de Depresión en Adolescentes - 2018

A. PREGUNTA CLÍNICA

En personas menores de 15 años con depresión con autoagresiones o suicidalidad y que requieren antipsicóticos ¿Se debe usar quetiapina en comparación a usar aripiprazol?

Análisis y definición de los componentes de la pregunta en formato PICO

Población: Personas menores de 15 años con depresión con autoagresiones o suicidalidad y que requieren antipsicóticos.

Intervención: Quetiapina.

Comparación: Aripiprazol.

Desenlace (outcome): Efectividad, efectos adversos.

B. BÚSQUEDA DE EVIDENCIA

Se realizó una búsqueda general de revisiones sistemáticas asociadas al tema de “Unipolar depressive disorder”. Las bases de datos utilizadas fueron: Cochrane database of systematic reviews (CDSR); Database of Abstracts of Reviews of Effectiveness (DARE); HTA Database; PubMed; LILACS; CINAHL; PsycINFO; EMBASE; EPPI-Centre Evidence Library; 3ie Systematic Reviews and Policy Briefs Campbell Library; Clinical Evidence; SUPPORT Summaries; WHO institutional Repository for information Sharing; NICE public health guidelines and systematic reviews; ACP Journal Club; Evidencias en Pediatría; y The JBI Database of Systematic Reviews and implementation Reports. No se aplicaron restricciones en base al idioma o estado de publicación. Dos revisores de manera independiente realizaron la selección de los títulos y los resúmenes, la evaluación del texto completo y la extracción de datos. Un investigador experimentado resolvió cualquier discrepancia entre los distintos revisores. En caso de considerarse necesario, se integraron estudios primarios.

Seleccionadas las revisiones sistemáticas o estudios primarios asociadas a la temática, se clasificaron en función de las potenciales preguntas a las que daban respuesta. Al momento de definir la pregunta la evidencia ya se encontraba previamente clasificada según intervenciones comparadas. Los resultados se encuentran alojados en la plataforma Living Overview of the Evidence (L-OVE), sistema que permite la actualización periódica de la evidencia.

C. SÍNTESIS DE EVIDENCIA

Resumen de la evidencia identificada

No se identificaron revisiones sistemáticas o estudios evaluando la población de niños o adolescente, por lo que con el fin de poder informar la decisión clínica relacionada con esta pregunta, se procedió a resumir la evidencia indirecta (población adulta). Se identificaron 14 revisiones sistemáticas que incluyen 41 estudios primarios, de los cuales todos corresponden a

ensayos aleatorizados. Para más detalle ver “*Matriz de evidencia*”¹, en el siguiente enlace: [Antipsicóticos para la depresión resistente al tratamiento](#).

Tabla 1: Resumen de la evidencia seleccionada

Revisión Sistemática	14 [1-14]
Estudios primarios	41 [15-55]

Estimador del efecto

Se realizó un análisis de la matriz de evidencia, observándose que ningún estudio compara aripiprazol contra quetiapina de forma directa. Sin embargo, se identificó una revisión sistemática de comparaciones múltiples que utiliza la técnica de metanálisis en red (network meta-analysis) [13] que realizó la comparación indirecta entre las dos alternativas de interés, por lo que se decidió utilizar sus resultados para la construcción de tabla de resumen de resultados.

Metanálisis

Mortalidad en azul y efectos adversos que requieren discontinuación a la izquierda

s1-QTP	1.85 (0.19 to 7.14)	1.85 (0.79 to 3.57)	0.99 (0.36 to 4.00)	1.45 (0.42 to 9.09)	1.54 (0.57 to 6.25)	<u>5.68</u> (1.38 to 90.42)	<u>6.40</u> (2.94 to 17.83)
-0.03 (-0.49 to 0.38)	s-RIS	0.57 (0.18 to 3.62)	0.30 (0.09 to 2.05)	0.73 (0.22 to 4.78)	0.52 (0.16 to 3.47)	2.10 (0.47 to 43.16)	2.37 (0.87 to 11.14)
-0.06 (-0.34 to 0.19)	-0.04 (-0.45 to 0.41)	s2-QTP	1.09 (0.41 to 3.85)	0.85 (0.25 to 5.26)	0.90 (0.34 to 3.57)	3.32 (0.81 to 52.63)	<u>3.73</u> (1.77 to 10.13)
-0.12 (-0.48 to 0.16)	-0.10 (-0.51 to 0.29)	-0.06 (-0.40 to 0.22)	s-ARI	0.51 (0.12 to 1.42)	0.87 (0.22 to 2.36)	7.59 (0.60 to 37.02)	<u>2.72</u> (1.34 to 6.82)
-0.16 (-0.59 to 0.17)	-0.14 (-0.60 to 0.29)	-0.10 (-0.51 to 0.24)	-0.04 (-0.34 to 0.24)	L-ARI	1.25 (0.21 to 4.26)	10.26 (0.58 to 53.19)	2.88 (1.00 to 12.96)
-0.16 (-0.51 to 0.13)	-0.14 (-0.54 to 0.27)	-0.10 (-0.43 to 0.20)	-0.04 (-0.30 to 0.25)	0.00 (-0.32 to 0.36)	s-OFC	<u>8.53</u> (1.08 to 36.67)	<u>3.52</u> (1.74 to 8.48)
-0.40 (-0.91 to 0.06)	-0.38 (-0.92 to 0.17)	-0.34 (-0.83 to 0.13)	-0.28 (-0.72 to 0.18)	-0.24 (-0.72 to 0.27)	-0.24 (-0.64 to 0.16)	L-OFC	0.43 (0.09 to 4.05)
<u>-0.43</u> (-0.72 to -0.21)	<u>-0.41</u> (-0.77 to -0.06)	<u>-0.37</u> (-0.64 to -0.14)	<u>-0.31</u> (-0.49 to -0.12)	-0.27 (-0.53 to 0.01)	<u>-0.27</u> (-0.48 to -0.08)	-0.03 (-0.45 to 0.38)	PBO

■ Treatment ■ Depression symptom scores (SMD with 95% CrI) ■ Side-effects discontinuation (OR with 95% CrI)

¹ **Matriz de Evidencia**, tabla dinámica que grafica el conjunto de evidencia existente para una pregunta (en este caso, la pregunta del presente informe). Las filas representan las revisiones sistemáticas y las columnas los estudios primarios que estas revisiones han identificado. Los recuadros en verde corresponden a los estudios incluidos en cada revisión. La matriz se actualiza periódicamente, incorporando nuevas revisiones sistemáticas pertinentes y los respectivos estudios primarios.

Tabla de Resumen de Resultados (Summary of Findings)

QUETIAPINA COMPARADO CON ARIPIPAZOL PARA DEPRESIÓN CON AUTOAGRESIONES O CONDUCTAS DEL ESPECTRO SUICIDA QUE REQUIEREN ANTIPSICÓTICOS.				
Pacientes	Personas menores de 15 años con depresión con autoagresiones o suicidalidad y que requieren antipsicóticos.			
Intervención	Quetiapina.			
Comparación	Aripiprazol.			
Desenlaces	-- Estudios	Efecto	Certeza de la evidencia (GRADE)	Mensajes clave en términos sencillos
Efectividad*	1 metanálisis en red [13]	DME**: 0,06 menos (0,40 menos a 0,22 más)	⊕⊕○○ ¹ Baja	Podrían existir diferencias mínimas o nulas en efectividad entre quetiapina y aripiprazol, pero la certeza de la evidencia es baja.
Efectos adversos**	1 metanálisis en red [13]	OR: 1,09 (IC 95%: 0,41 a 3,85)	⊕○○○ ^{1,2} Muy baja	Quetiapina comparado con aripiprazol podría aumentar efectos adversos que requieren discontinuación. Sin embargo, existe considerable incertidumbre dado que la certeza de la evidencia es muy baja.

IC 95%: Intervalo de confianza del 95%.

OR: Odds ratio.

DME: Diferencia de medias estandarizada.

GRADE: Grados de evidencia Grading of Recommendations Assessment, Development and Evaluation.

*Efectividad definida como mejoría en diversas escalas de síntomas depresivos.

**Efectos adversos que conllevan a discontinuación. Sin embargo, la revisión sistemática no detalla específicamente, pero señala que los efectos adversos varían dependiendo del antipsicótico siendo algunos acatisia, sedación, síndrome metabólico, entre otros.

*** La diferencia de medias estandarizada se utiliza cuando el desenlace ha sido medido en diferentes escalas y es difícil de interpretar clínicamente. Una regla general es que valores menores a 0,2 son de poca relevancia clínica, valores de 0,5 de relevancia moderada y 0,8 relevancia clínica importante.

¹ Se disminuyó la certeza de la evidencia en dos niveles, ya que proviene de una comparación indirecta mediante network metanálisis, y porque no proviene de estudios en adolescentes.

² Se disminuyó un nivel de certeza de la evidencia por imprecisión, ya que cada extremo del intervalo de confianza conlleva una decisión diferente.

Fecha de elaboración de la tabla: Octubre, 2018.

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